Appendix 1

Forecast tables

Table 1 GDP and its main components¹

·	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Private consumption	4.3 (4.8)	7.6 (6.7)	6.6 (5.6)	4.2 (3.3)	3.5
Public consumption	1.0 (1.1)	1.6 (1.4)	1.8 (1.5)	1.5 (1.5)	1.6
Gross capital formation	18.3 (18.6)	22.5 (18.2)	5.4 (5.3)	1.3 (-2.6)	5.5
Business investment	29.5 (29.5)	27.2 (23.9)	0.2 (2.7)	-3.2 (-6.2)	2.2
Residential investment	-3.1 (-3.1)	17.8 (8.1)	23.8 (22.9)	19.4 (10.6)	14.2
Public investment	-2.5 (-1.1)	6.5 (4.1)	18.0 (3.9)	3.3 (2.8)	9.3
Domestic demand	6.0 (6.3)	8.7 (7.7)	5.1 (4.1)	2.9 (1.5)	3.4
Exports of goods and services	9.2 (8.2)	7.8 (8.6)	3.5 (2.9)	3.1 (4.0)	2.6
Imports of goods and services	13.5 (13.5)	15.7 (14.6)	4.8 (2.8)	3.0 (1.9)	4.3
Gross domestic product (GDP)	4.2 (4.0)	5.0 (4.9)	4.5 (4.1)	2.9 (2.6)	2.7
GDP at current prices (ISK billions)	2,214 (2,205)	2,403 (2,381)	2,576 (2,583)	2,706 (2,754)	2,858
GDP at current prices (growth rate)	10.3 (10.1)	8.5 (8.0)	7.2 (8.5)	5.0 (6.6)	5.6
Total investment (% of GDP)	19.0 (19.1)	21.4 (21.0)	20.8 (20.9)	20.2 (19.7)	20.6
Business investment (% of GDP)	13.5 (13.6)	15.5 (15.4)	14.1 (14.8)	12.8 (13.3)	12.5
Underlying gross national saving (% of GDP) ²	24.9 (24.1)	26.0 (24.4)	23.7 (23.7)	22.6 (23.4)	22.2
Contribution of net trade to GDP growth (percentage points)	-1.5 (-2.0)	-3.0 (-2.2)	-0.4 (0.2)	0.1 (1.1)	-0.5

^{1.} Year-on-year change (%) unless otherwise specified (figures in parentheses are from the forecast in Monetary Bulletin 2016/3). 2. The sum of investment, inventory changes, and the underlying current account balance.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Table 2 Global economy, external conditions, and exports¹

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Marines production for export	0.6 (0.6)	-3.0 (-3.0)	-2.0 (3.5)	2.0 (2.0)	2.0
Aluminium production for export ²	5.3 (5.3)	-2.0 (1.5)	5.0 (1.4)	1.5 (1.3)	1.5
Foreign currency prices of marine products	10.9 (10.9)	1.0 (2.5)	1.0 (-1.0)	0.0 (0.0)	1.0
Aluminium prices in USD³	-6.4 (-6.4)	-14.1 (-12.3)	3.1 (4.3)	1.2 (1.3)	1.2
Fuel prices in USD ⁴	-47.2 (-47.2)	-17.0 (-19.1)	21.0 (16.6)	8.0 (6.0)	5.0
Terms of trade for goods and services	6.7 (6.8)	2.8 (1.2)	1.2 (0.0)	-0.6 (-0.4)	-0.4
Inflation in main trading partners ⁵	0.6 (0.6)	1.0 (1.0)	1.7 (1.8)	1.9 (2.0)	1.9
GDP growth in main trading partners ⁵	1.9 (1.8)	1.6 (1.5)	1.6 (1.7)	1.7 (2.0)	1.9
Main trading partners' imports ⁵	3.5 (3.5)	2.5 (2.7)	3.5 (3.6)	3.0 (3.2)	2.7
Short-term interest rates in main trading partners (%) ⁵	0.2 (0.2)	0.1 (0.2)	0.2 (0.3)	0.5 (0.6)	0.8

^{1.} Year-on-year changes (%) unless otherwise specified (figures in parentheses are from the forecast in *Monetary Bulletin* 2016/3). 2. According to Statistics Iceland's external trade data. 3. Forecast based on aluminium futures and analysts' forecasts. 4. Forecast based on fuel futures and analysts' forecasts. 5. Forecast based on Consensus Forecasts, Global Insight, IMF and OECD. 6. OECD forecast for three-month money market rates in Iceland's main trading partner countries.

Sources: Bloomberg, Consensus Forecasts, Global Insight, IMF, New York Mercantile Exchange, OECD, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Table 3 Current account balance and its subcomponents¹

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Trade balance	7.5 (7.0)	5.0 (4.7)	4.6 (4.6)	4.1 (5.3)	3.3
Headline balance on primary income ²	-2.4 (-2.8)	-0.4 (-1.6)	-1.7 (-1.8)	-1.8 (-1.6)	-1.7
Underlying balance on primary income ³	-1.6 (-1.9)	-0.4 (-1.6)	-1.7 (-1.8)	-1.8 (-1.6)	-1.7
Headline current account balance ²	5.1 (4.2)	4.6 (3.1)	2.9 (2.9)	2.4 (3.7)	1.6
Underlying current account balance ³	5.7 (4.9)	4.6 (3.1)	2.9 (2.9)	2.4 (3.7)	1.6

^{1. %} of GDP (figures in parentheses are from the forecast in *Monetary Bulletin* 2016/3). 2. Calculated according to IMF standards. The sum of primary and secondary income. 3. Adjusted for the calculated revenues and expenses of the DMBs in winding-up proceedings for 2015, but with the recent settlement of the failed banks' estates, there is no longer any difference between measures and underlying current account numbers. The services account balance is also adjusted for the failed DMBs' financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM).

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Table 4 Public sector finances¹

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Overall Treasury balance	-0.3 (0.0)	15.0 (15.5)	-0.3 (0.6)	-0.5 (0.9)	-0.5
Primary Treasury balance	3.2 (3.4)	17.9 (18.3)	1.7 (3.0)	1.4 (3.2)	1.1
Primary Treasury balance excluding one-off items ²	2.8 (3.0)	1.9 (2.2)	0.9 (2.2)	1.4 (3.2)	1.1
Overall general government balance	-0.8 (-0.5)	14.9 (15.3)	-0.3 (0.4)	-0.6 (0.8)	-0.7
Primary general government balance	2.9 (3.0)	17.9 (18.2)	1.8 (2.9)	1.4 (3.1)	1.0
Total general government debt	68.1 (69)	60 (61)	56 (56)	48 (46)	44
Net general government debt³	49.2 (50)	43 (44)	40 (40)	38 (36)	34

^{1. %} of GDP on an accrual basis (figures in parentheses are from the forecast in Monetary Bulletin 2016/2). 2. One-off items are stability contributions and the accelerated write-down of indexed mortgage loans. 3. Net debt is defined here as total liabilities excluding pension obligations and accounts payable and net of cash and bank deposits.

Sources: Ministry of Finance and Economic Affairs, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Table 5 Labour market and factor utilisation¹

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Unemployment (% of labour force)	4.0 (4.0)	3.1 (3.3)	3.0 (3.1)	3.7 (3.4)	3.8
Employment rate (% of population aged 16-74)	79.2 (79.2)	80.7 (80.2)	81.0 (80.9)	80.5 (80.2)	80.0
Total hours worked	3.3 (3.3)	3.0 (2.8)	3.4 (3.7)	1.4 (1.4)	1.1
Labour productivity ²	0.8 (0.6)	2.0 (2.1)	1.0 (0.5)	1.5 (1.2)	1.6
Unit labour costs ³	7.1 (8.4)	7.4 (9.2)	4.7 (5.2)	4.7 (5.0)	4.6
Wage share (% of gross factor income)	61.6 (62.9)	64.1 (66.7)	65.4 (67.5)	67.1 (68.1)	68.2
Real disposable income	10.0 (8.6)	6.8 (10.4)	5.8 (5.2)	3.8 (2.1)	4.3
Output gap (% of potential output)	1.0 (0.6)	2.2 (2.4)	1.6 (2.3)	0.4 (1.1)	0.0

^{1.} Year-on-year change (%) unless otherwise specified (figures in parentheses are from the forecast in Monetary Bulletin 2016/3). 2. GDP per total hours worked. 3. Wage costs divided by productivity.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Table 6 Exchange rate and inflation¹

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Trade-weighted exchange rate index ²	201.1 (201.1)	181.8 (184.4)	164.8 (179.3)	157.8 (179.4)	157.3
Real exchange rate (relative consumer prices) ³	79.0 (79.0)	88.1 (86.8)	97.7 (90.4)	102.7 (91.8)	104.1
Real exchange rate (relative unit labour costs) ³	73.7 (74.0)	86.6 (86.9)	98.8 (93.0)	106.0 (95.9)	108.5
Inflation (consumer price index, CPI)	1.6 (1.6)	1.7 (1.7)	2.3 (3.2)	2.6 (3.6)	2.9
Inflation (CPI excluding effects of indirect taxes)	1.2 (1.2)	1.7 (1.7)	2.1 (3.2)	2.6 (3.6)	2.9

^{1.} Year-on-year change (%) unless otherwise specified (figures in parentheses are from the forecast in Monetary Bulletin 2016/3). 2. Narrow trade-weighted basket (index, 31 December 1991 = 100). 3. Average 2005 = 100.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Table 7 Quarterly inflation forecast (%)¹

Quarter	Inflation (year-on-year change)	Inflation excluding effects of indirect taxes (year-on-year change)	Inflation (annualised quarter-on-quarter change)
		Measured value	
2015:4	1.9 (1.9)	1.5 (1.5)	-0.6 (-0.6)
2016:1	1.9 (1.9)	1.9 (1.9)	0.4 (0.4)
2016:2	1.6 (1.6)	1.6 (1.6)	4.1 (4.1)
2016:3	1.3 (1.2)	1.3 (1.2)	1.3 (0.8)
		Forecasted value	
2016:4	2.1 (2.2)	2.1 (2.2)	2.6 (3.4)
2017:1	2.1 (2.7)	2.0 (2.7)	0.6 (2.5)
2017:2	2.2 (3.1)	2.1 (3.1)	4.5 (5.6)
2017:3	2.4 (3.5)	2.2 (3.5)	2.2 (2.5)
2017:4	2.5 (3.6)	2.3 (3.6)	3.0 (3.8)
2018:1	2.3 (3.7)	2.3 (3.7)	-0.3 (3.0)
2018:2	2.4 (3.8)	2.4 (3.8)	4.7 (6.1)
2018:3	2.6 (3.6)	2.6 (3.6)	3.2 (1.6)
2018:4	2.9 (3.4)	2.9 (3.4)	3.8 (3.0)
2019:1	3.0 (3.1)	3.0 (3.1)	0.4 (1.8)
2019:2	3.0 (2.9)	3.0 (2.9)	4.7 (5.3)
2019:3	2.9 (2.8)	2.9 (2.8)	2.9 (1.0)
2019:4	2.7	2.7	3.0

^{1.} Figures in parentheses are from forecast in Monetary Bulletin 2016/3.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.